

#### PBIS: The Next Generation... Establishing Equitable Practices in a New Era

Kent McIntosh University of Oregon









#### Acknowledgements

Land Acknowledgment

The research reported here was supported by the Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education, through Grant R324A170034 to the University of Oregon. The opinions expressed are those of the authors and do not represent views of the Institute or the U.S. Department of Education.



#### Acknowledgements





#### ■ Center on PBIS Equity Workgroup (2021-22)

- Tabathia Baldy
- □ Aaron Barnes
- □ Kimberly Bunch-Crump
- □ Erin Chaparro
- □ Bert Eliason
- □ Erik Girvan
- □ Clynita Grafenreed
- Ambra Green
- Beth Hill
- □ Tamika La Salle
- Milaney Leverson

- □ Kent McIntosh
- Mark McKechnie
- □ Heidi von Ravensberg
- □ Ruthie Payno-Simmons
- □ Alexandria Robers
- Jennifer Rose
- Therese Sandomierski
- □ Maria Santiago-Rosario
- Kent Smith
- □ Keith Smolkowski
- Kim Yanek



#### Overview of Today's Session

- Discuss how our educational systems have changed as of late
- Introduce the equity focus of a nextgeneration PBIS approach
- Share some strategies within the familiar core practices of PBIS

Handouts: http://www.pbis.org

What have we learned in the past 18 months?





But some students and families thrived.

Why do you think that was the case?



UNIVERSITY OF OREGON



And some schools did better than others.

What do you think made the difference?





Systems and Superheroes



Use Systems to Define and

Refine Expectations







Bettendorf, IA



UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

### Use Systems to Teach New Behaviors







#### What was life like in 1992?







#### Why 1992?



EDUCATION AND TREATMENT OF CHILDREN Vol. 16, No. 4, November 1993

Reconceptualizing Behavior Management
and School-Wide Discipline in

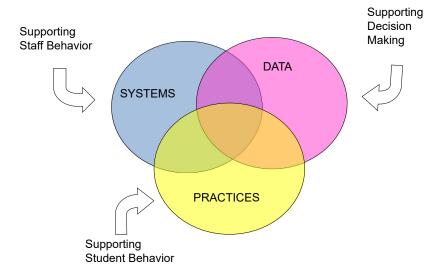
General Education

Geoff Colvin Edward J. Kameenui George Sugai University of Oregon

Abstra

make nochamoc, integrationes in their attempts to educate children. Calls for instrucperform peoply extremely difficult. Students with diverse needs, and "doing more with leave
perform peoply under most efficient. Students who called an academic behavior problem
different mostly an need for immirring schools the context of section of the context o

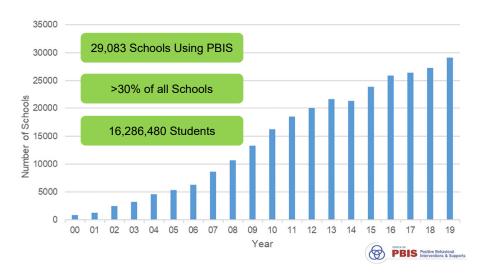
#### Effective Behavior Support





#### U.S. Schools Using PBIS

August 2020



#### UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

### Statistically Significant Outcomes of PBIS

Reduced exclusionary discipline

(Bradshaw, Mitchell, & Leaf, 2010; Flannery et al., 2014; Gage et al., 2018; Horner et al., 2005; Metzler et al., 2001; Nelson, 1996; Nelson et al., 2002; Solomon et al., 2012)

■ Increased prosocial behavior

(Metzler, Biglan, Rusby, & Sprague, 2001; Nelson et al., 2002)

■ Improved emotional regulation

(Bradshaw et al., 2012)

Improved academic achievement

(Horner et al., 2009; Lassen, Steele, & Sailor, 2006; Nelson et al., 2002)

- Improved perceptions of school safety

  (Horner et al., 2009)
- Improved organizational health

(Bradshaw et al., 2008)

#### UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

### Statistically Significant Outcomes of High School PBIS

Reduced exclusionary discipline

(Bradshaw et al., in press; Flannery et al., 2014; Freeman et al., 2015a)

Reduced alcohol and other drug use

(Bastable et al., 2015)

Improved attendance

(Flannery et al., 2020; Freeman et al., 2015b)

Improved student engagement

(Flannery et al., 2020)

#### What is...

#### fidelity of implementation?

The extent to which the critical features of PBIS are implemented as intended

#### Why assess it?

- Helps us improve outcomes for students
- Helps team target next steps and areas for improvement



#### Survey of 2,000 Educators

% of **districts** reporting using PBIS



% of **teachers** using PBIS practices frequently or very frequently



% of **districts** implementing an SEL curriculum

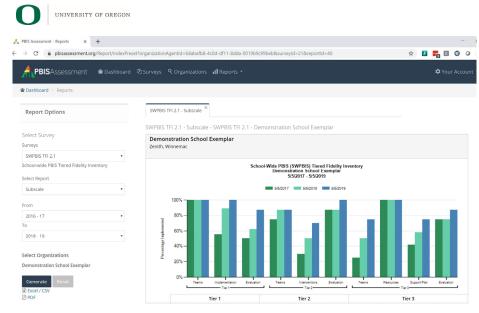


% of **teachers** using an SEL curriculum in their classes



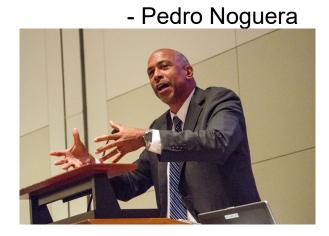
©2019 by EAB. All Rights Reserved. 36571

8



Free: http://www.pbisapps.org/products/pbis-assessment

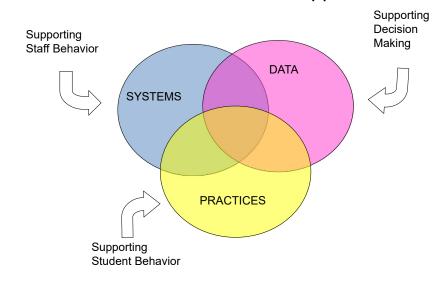
"If you ran a hospital, but you were only known for serving people who are healthy, well, then you wouldn't be a very good hospital."

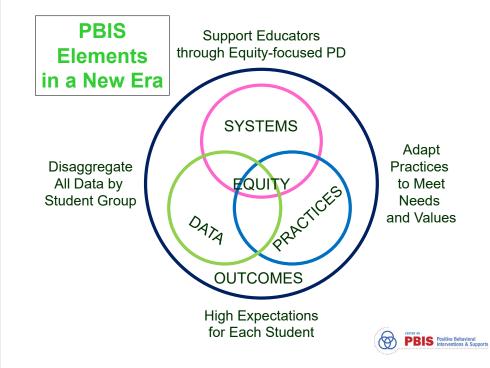


How inviting are our schools for every student?



#### **Effective Behavior Support**





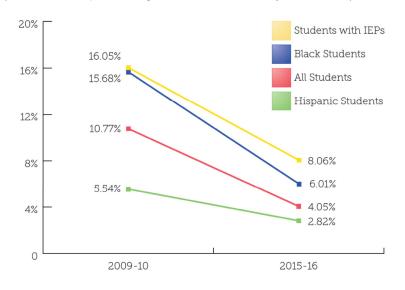
# Effects of Equity-focused PBIS on Discipline Gaps

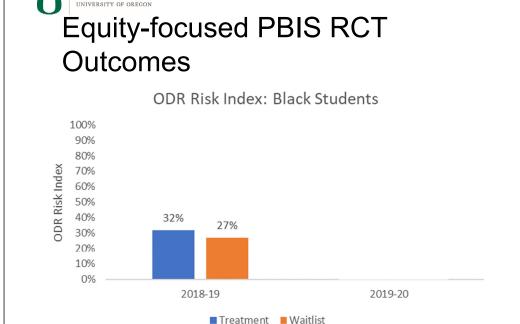
- Fox et al., 2021
- Gion et al., 2020
- McIntosh et al., 2018
- McIntosh et al., 2021
- McIntosh et al., in press
- Muldrew & Miller, 2021
- Payno-Simmons, 2021
- Swain-Bradway et al., 2019



#### Effects of PBIS on Out of School Susps

(WI Schools Implementing PBIS; Swain-Bradway et al., 2019)







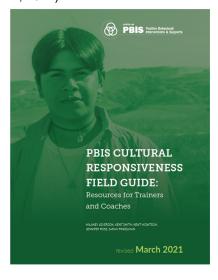
# So...what are the equitable practices for a new generation of PBIS?

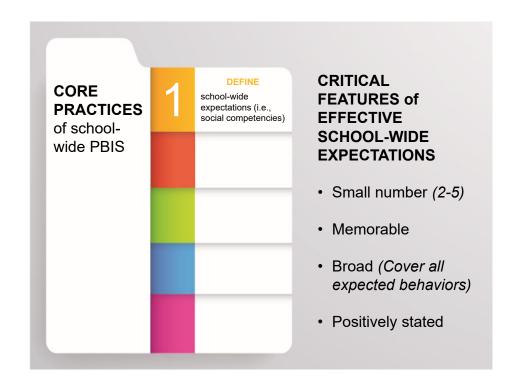


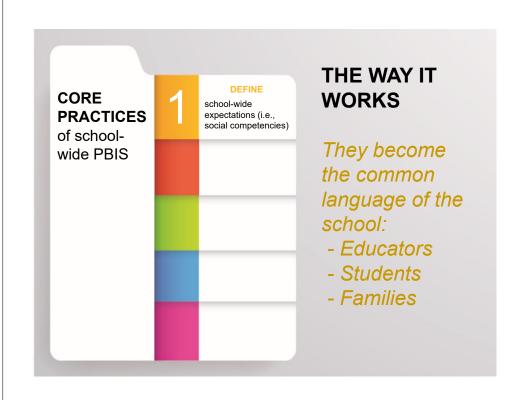
### PBIS Cultural Responsiveness Field Guide (Leverson et al., 2021)

- Three sections:
  - 1. Identity awareness
  - 2. TFI Cultural Responsiveness Companion
  - 3. Appendices

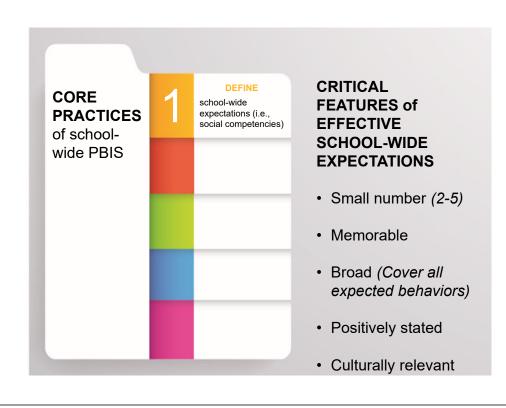
http://www.pbis.org/topics/equity

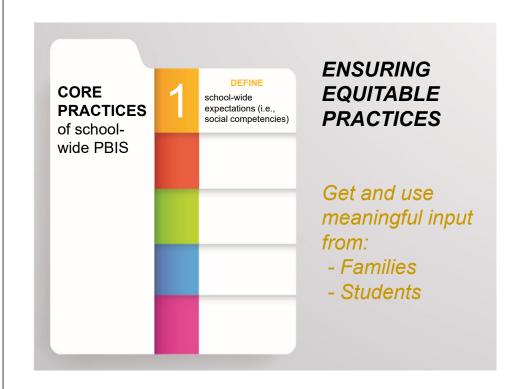












# Resources for Expectations and Matrix Review

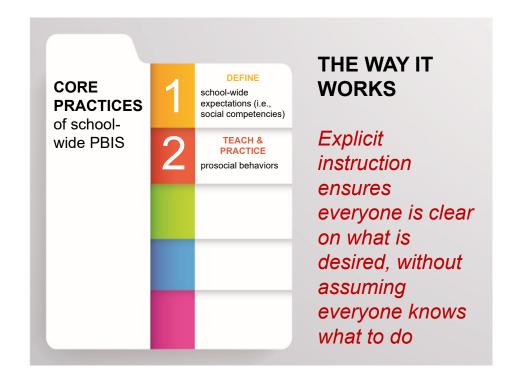


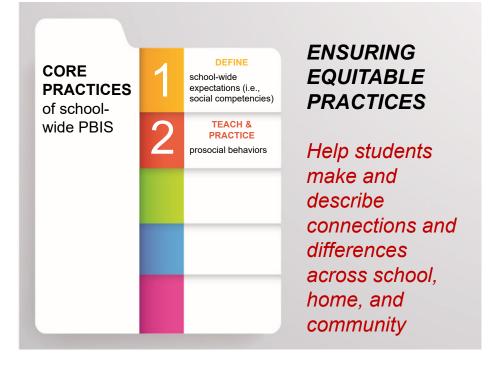


<u>Cultural Responsiveness</u> <u>Field Guide – Appendix D</u>











### The Personal Matrix





#### **Personal Matrix**

- A whole-class student activity similar to the existing school-wide behavior matrix
- The tweak:
  - □ Take school expectations and have students...
    - Add examples at home
    - Add examples in community

| At SCHOOL it looks like                       | At HOME<br>it looks like  | With my FRIENDS it looks like  |
|---|---|--|
| Keep hands and feet to self                   |   |  |
| Tell an adult if<br>there is a<br>problem     |   |  |
| Treat others how<br>you want to be<br>treated |   |  |
| Include others                                |   |  |
| Listen to adults                              |   |  |
| Do my own work                                |   |  |
| Personal best                                 |   |  |
| Follow directions                             |   |  |
| Clean up     messes                           |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Keep hands and feet to self</li> <li>Tell an adult if there is a problem</li> <li>Treat others how you want to be treated</li> <li>Include others</li> <li>Listen to adults</li> <li>Do my own work</li> <li>Personal best</li> <li>Follow directions</li> <li>Clean up</li> </ul> | it looks like  Keep hands and feet to self  Tell an adult if there is a problem  Treat others how you want to be treated  Include others  Listen to adults  Do my own work  Personal best  Follow directions  Clean up |

| Expectation    | At SCHOOL it looks like   | At HOME<br>it looks like  | With my FRIENDS it looks like   |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| Be Safe        | <ul> <li>Keep hands and feet to self</li> <li>Tell an adult if there is a problem</li> </ul>                          | <ul> <li>Protect your friends and family</li> <li>Don't talk back</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Stick up for your friends</li> <li>Don't back down</li> <li>Look the other way</li> </ul>        |
| Be Respectful  | <ul> <li>Treat others how you want to be treated</li> <li>Include others</li> <li>Listen to adults</li> </ul>         | <ul> <li>Do exactly what adults tell you to do</li> <li>Don't stand out</li> <li>Don't bring shame</li> </ul>             | <ul> <li>Text back within 30 seconds</li> <li>Be nice to friends' parents</li> <li>Share food</li> </ul>  |
| Be Responsible | <ul> <li>Do my own work</li> <li>Personal best</li> <li>Follow<br/>directions</li> <li>Clean up<br/>messes</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Help your family<br/>out first</li> <li>Own your<br/>mistakes</li> <li>Share credit<br/>for successes</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Have each other's backs</li> <li>Own your mistakes</li> <li>Check in about what to do</li> </ul> |

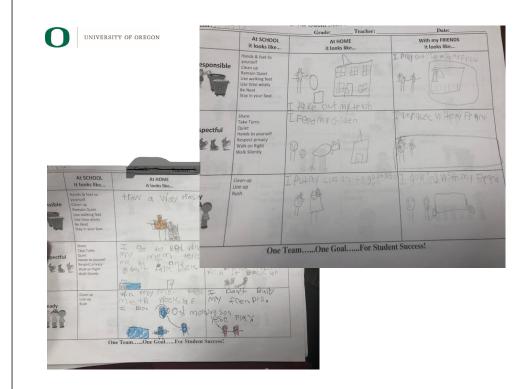


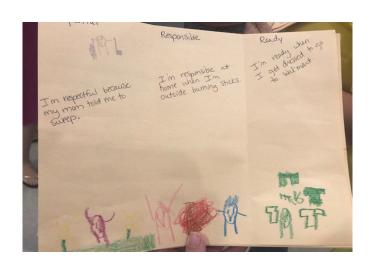


#### **Discussion Question**

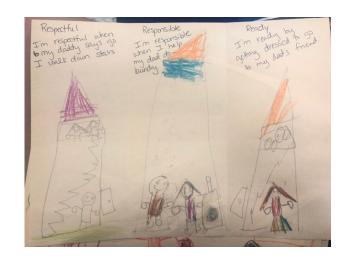
- What do you think you might see on students' personal matrices?
  - □What might be similar or different from school:
    - at home
    - in their community

|                | SCHOOL  | HOME  | NEIGHBORHOOD   |
|----------------|---|---|--|
| SAFETY         | What does safety look like/sound<br>like at school?         | What does safety look like/sound like at home?            | What does safety look like/sound like in your neighborhood?.           |
|                | · No threats  | ·Nothrata   | · No relling   |
|                | · No bullying   | · No trygeseries  | . Ab Cops where  |
|                | · No avaning  | · No fears  | · No scape homel   |
|                | What does respect look like/sound                           | What does respect look like/sound like at home?           | What does respect look like/sound like in your neighborhood?           |
|                | · No insults  | · No back talking   | ·Nb gratter  |
|                | · No grafita  | · No curses   | · < Legn Stre  |
|                | · No cursing  | · listen testhe   | · Noxelling  |
| RESPONSIBILITY | What does responsibility look<br>like/sound like at school? | What does responsibility look<br>like/sound like at home? | What does responsibility look<br>like/sound like in your neighborhood? |
|                | · Daing your  | · Clean Your  | · cleaning the   |
|                | · hone work Doing your work                                 | · Show Up for   | · Not Fighting,  |
|                | · returning your  | · go to bed on  | · No Yellino   |





UNIVERSITY OF OREGON



## Interpreting the Personal Matrix

- For the differences between school and other settings:
- 1. Are the "different" school rules necessary for positive student development?
  - NO: Change the rules to align more with home and neighborhood
  - YES: Acknowledge explicitly and provide additional teaching, practice, and acknowledgment



#### Resources



http://bit.ly/PM-overview

PBIS Cultural Responsiveness Field Guide

(Appendix G: Personal Matrix)







#### Thought Experiment

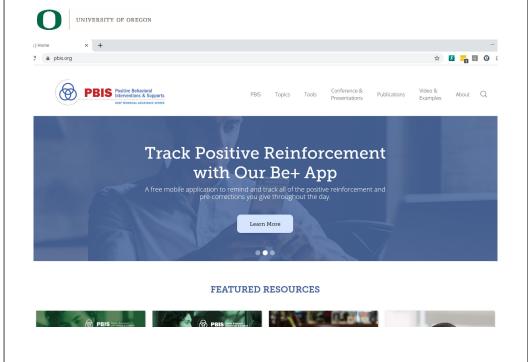


- List the 5 students with whom you have the "best/easiest relationships."
- 2. List the 5 students with whom you have the "most challenging relationships."
- 3. Note what patterns you see in the groups.
  - □ Similar to each other?
  - Different from you?

# Increasing Equity in Praise: Assessing equity in use of praise

- Is this effective practice used equitably with all student groups?
  - □ Black students receive lower rates of praise and higher rates of reprimands (Gion et al., in press; Knochel et al., in press; Scott et al., 2019).
  - □ Coaching can increase equity in praise and reprimands (Gion et al., in press; Knochel et al., in press).

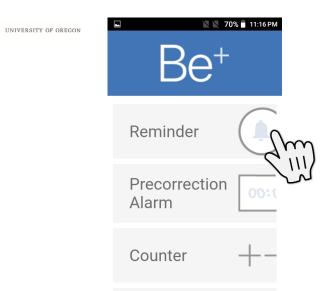






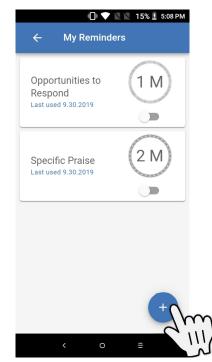




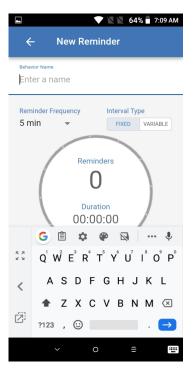


Stats

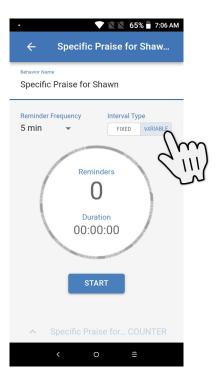


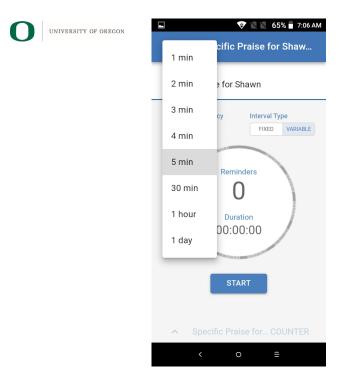




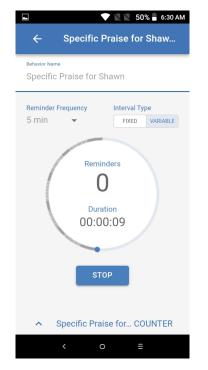


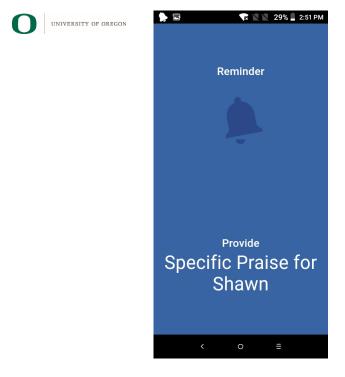


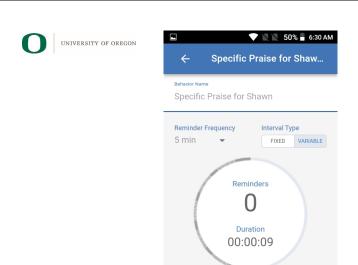


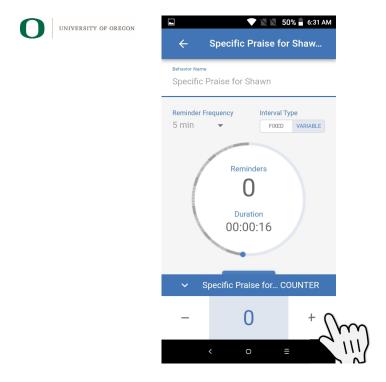




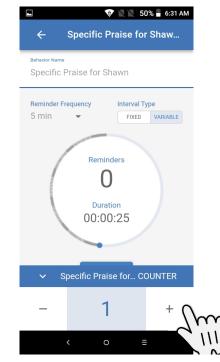






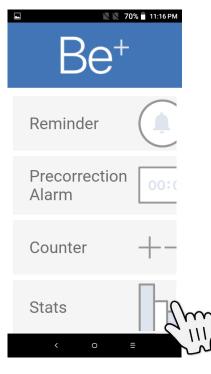






▲ Specific Praise for... COUNTER











#### **Get Positive!**

- Android:
  - https://play.google .com/store/apps/d etails?id=edu.uor egon.emberex\_bp ositive
- iOS:
  - □ https://apps.apple .com/us/app/bebepositive/id150003 1427?ls=1

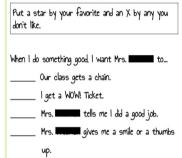




### **Praise Preference Assessment:** What is it?

A way to identify what type(s) of acknowledgements students like or dislike receiving for showing desired behaviors

Could be in survey or interview formats





### Praise Preference Assessment: Resources



Sept 202

#### PRAISE PREFERENCE ASSESSMENTS

#### WHAT IS IT?

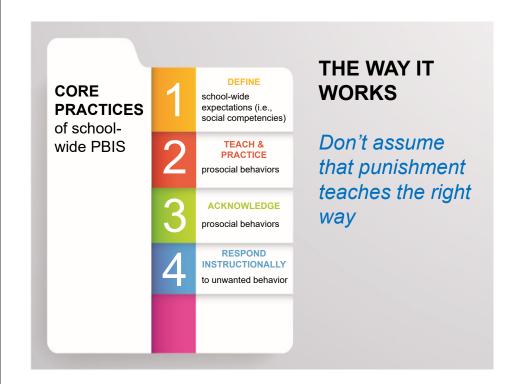
A systematic way to identify what types of praise are meaningful and motivating for individual students, through class-wide surveys or student interviews (either stand-alone or as part of Getting to Know You activities). They are used to find out a student's preferred ways to be acknowledged for desired behaviors and results can be used for individual plans and to improve class-wide acknowledgement systems.

#### WHY DO IT?

Praise preference assessments are shown to improve student behavior and reduce the need for teacher reprimands by increasing students' motivation for prosocial behaviors and learning new skills (Gion,

https://bit.ly/PPA-overview







#### "Point Positive"

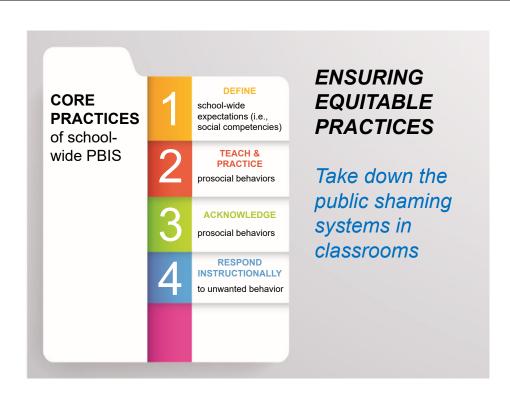








- What is your most common don't/stop/quit/no direction?
  - □(e.g., "Don't run in the hallway!")
- What could be a "point positive" direction instead?
  - □(e.g., "Please walk in the hallway!")
- Respond in the chat with both:
  - □(e.g., "Don't run" "Please walk in the halls")







Praise can be public... corrections should be private



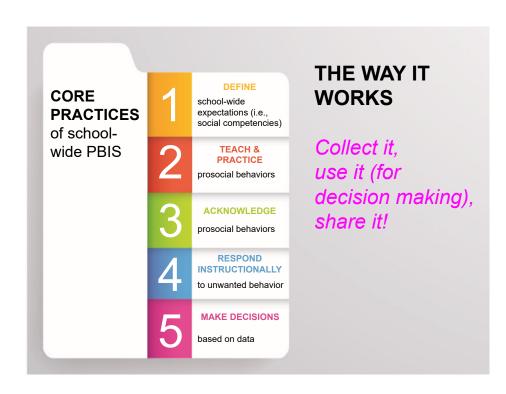
UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

### Resources for Ditching the Clip!

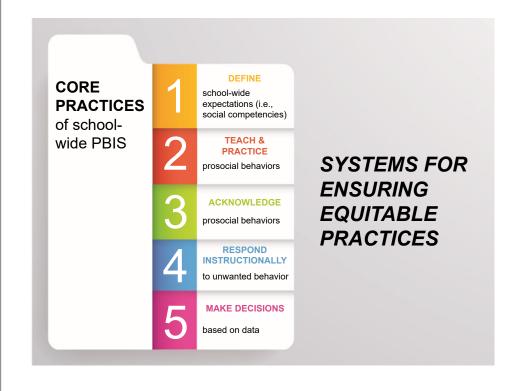


 https://www.pbis.org/resource/ditch-the-clip-why-clip-charts-are-not-apbis-practice-and-what-to-do-instead













Q & A

(please use the Chat box)



#### **Contact Information**

■ Kent McIntosh Special Education Program University of Oregon kentm@uoregon.edu











